







INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

(14) RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PEOPLE

- conversation questions

(vocabulary practice)

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PEOPLE

(A)	Check the meaning of the phrases below. Then put the phrases into the order in which
	they might happen in a relationship. There is more than one correct answer.

ask sb. out – chat sb. up – fancy sb. – fall in love (with sb.) – fall out (with sb.) – get back together with sb. – get divorced – get engaged (to sb.) – get married (to sb.) – get on well (with sb.) – go out (with sb.) – make up (with sb.) – propose (to sb.) – separate (from sb.) – split up (with sb.)

(B) Match the phrases above with their definitions.

- 1) to take legal action to end somebody's marriage
- 2) to feel (sexually) attracted to someone
- 3) to become friendly with someone again after an argument
- 4) to ask someone to get married to you
- 5) to stop being friendly with somebody because you have had a disagreement with them
- 6) to invite someone to go with you to a cinema, restaurant etc. because you want to start a relationship with them
- 7) to end a relationship
- 8) to formally agree to get married
- 9) to start having a relationship with someone **again**
- 10) to have a good relationship with somebody
- 11) to start a conversation with someone because you want to have a relationship with them
- 12) to have a relationship with someone and spend a lot of time with them
- 13) to start to love someone
- 14) to stop living together but not to legally end somebody's marriage
- 15) to become the husband or wife of somebody else

(C) Check the meaning of the following phrasal verbs. Then complete the sentences below with appropriate verbs in their correct form.

break up with sb. – fall for sb. – fall out with sb. – get over sth. – go out with sb. – look down on sb. – take after sb. – turn up

1) How long _____ Tom and Phoebe been _____ ?

2) She _____ on anyone who hasn't had a university education.

3) In looks she _____ her father.

4) He _____ Abigail when he was in hospital and she was his nurse.

	Paul isn't going out with anybody. He just with his girlfriend.		
6)	'Kate isn't talking to me.' 'What's wrong? you two?'		
7)	David's pretty upset, but he'll it.		
8)	There's no need to book – just on night.		
(D)	Complete the sentences below with the correct prepositions.		
	after-for-on-out(2x)-over-up(2x)		
1)	Have you heard? Stephanie broke with John!		
2)	After their divorce, it took her ages to get it. Eventually she met a man of her dreams.		
3)	I think I take my mother; we're the same in many ways.		
4)	Don fell Claire the moment he saw her. It was love at first sight.		
5)	They had a terrible row and fell They even stopped talking to each other.		
6)	Jo thinks he knows it all and he looks down everybody. Nobody likes him.		
7)	She's been going with Marcus for two months now.		
8)	It's been the best re-union party we've ever had. So many people turned!		
	do you keep in touch with your friends / parents?		
_	lete the sentences below with the means of communication you use and specify what you y do. The following ideas may help you.		
usuall	y do. The following ideas may help you.		
usuall chat – call sb	y do. The following ideas may help you. email – letter – mobile (phone) — social network (Facebook – Twitter, etc.) – Skype o. – go out with sb. – hang around – keep in touch – meet sb. – send sms – stay in touch –		
usuall chat – call sb text sb	y do. The following ideas may help you. email – letter – mobile (phone) — social network (Facebook – Twitter, etc.) – Skype o. – go out with sb. – hang around – keep in touch – meet sb. – send sms – stay in touch – o. – visit sb.		
usually chat — call sb text sb	y do. The following ideas may help you. email – letter – mobile (phone) — social network (Facebook – Twitter, etc.) – Skype o. – go out with sb. – hang around – keep in touch – meet sb. – send sms – stay in touch – o. – visit sb. my parents, I use		
usually chat — call sb text sb With m	y do. The following ideas may help you. email – letter – mobile (phone) — social network (Facebook – Twitter, etc.) – Skype o. – go out with sb. – hang around – keep in touch – meet sb. – send sms – stay in touch – o. – visit sb. my parents, I use		
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usually chat — call sb text sb With m I usual With m I usual What Fill in	y do. The following ideas may help you. email – letter – mobile (phone) — social network (Facebook – Twitter, etc.) – Skype b. – go out with sb. – hang around – keep in touch – meet sb. – send sms – stay in touch – c. – visit sb. my parents, I use lly		
usually chat — call sb text sb With m I usual With m I usual What Fill in close —	y do. The following ideas may help you. email – letter – mobile (phone) — social network (Facebook – Twitter, etc.) – Skype o. – go out with sb. – hang around – keep in touch – meet sb. – send sms – stay in touch – o. – visit sb. my parents, I use lly my friends, I use t are some typical problems that teenagers face with parents? the gaps with the expressions below. Are you of the same opinion? – parents – relationship – suppose – teenagers – too		
usually chat — call sb text sb With m I usual With m I usual What Fill in close — I (1) _	y do. The following ideas may help you. email — letter — mobile (phone) — social network (Facebook — Twitter, etc.) — Skype o. — go out with sb. — hang around — keep in touch — meet sb. — send sms — stay in touch — o. — visit sb. my parents, I use my friends, I use lly t are some typical problems that teenagers face with parents? the gaps with the expressions below. Are you of the same opinion?		

Have you ever been to a birthday party?					
Wha	t was the party like?				
Wha	t did the people do?				
Expl	ain the meaning of the following ph	rase:			
It wa	It was (not) really my cup of tea				
\A/I ₆ .	at da way think about maati	na nacale on the internet?			
	at do you think about meeti	ng people on the internet?			
Talk	/write about yourself:				
Wh	at are some different function	ons of the Internet?			
		h paragraph 1–7 with the heading ${ m A}{ m -}{ m G}$ that best fits.			
(1)	Internet services hold vast amounts of available 24 hours per day.	information, much of which is freely accessible and			
(2)	Internet services such as Newsgroups	and E-mail provide the Internet communications services.			
(3)	Through the development of e-commerce, the Internet has established an electronic global world-wide market that operates 24 hrs a day.				
(4)	The information services provided by the Internet are as follows:				
•	Internet E-mail	• File Transfer Protocol (FTP)			
•	F	Databases for Information storage and			
•	Chat and video conferencing	retrieval (including search engines) • Electronic commerce and inventory systems			
•	1.6 no groups				
(5)	An Intranet may be defined as a private network (within an organization), which incorporates the				
	processes, protocols and standards found on the World Wide Web.				
(6)	Examples of Extranet applications include for example paper-less transactions between customers				
	and their suppliers.				
	(A) Extranets	(D) Marketing			
	(B) Internet Services	(F) a Means of Communicating			
	(C) Intranets	(G) a Source of Information			

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PEOPLE - ANSWER KEY

(B) Match the phrases above with their definitions.

- 1) get divorced
- 2) fancy sb.
- 3) make up (with sb.)
- 4) propose (to sb.)
- 5) fall out (with sb.)
- 6) ask sb. out
- 7) get back together (with sb.)

- 8) get engaged (to sb.)
- 9) split up (with sb.)
- 10) get on well (with sb.)
- 11) chat sb. up
- 12) go out (with sb.)
- 13) fall in love (with sb.)
- 14) separate (from sb.)

(C) Check the meaning of the following phrasal verbs. Then complete the sentences below with appropriate verbs in their correct form.

- 1) have (been) going out
- 2) looks down
- 3) takes after
- 4) fell for

- 5) has split up
- 6) have fallen out
- 7) get over
- 8) turn up
- (D) Complete the sentences below with the correct prepositions.
- 1) up
- 2) over
- 3) after
- 4) for

- 5) out
- 6) on
- 7) out
- 8) up

What are some typical problems that teenagers face with parents?

- 1) suppose
- 2) relationship
- 3) too

- 4) teenagers
- 5) parents
- 6) close

What are some different functions of the Internet?

$$1G - 2F - 3D - 4B - 5C - 6A$$